sharply. Clearly there have been fluctuations over recent years in the fearfulness of Baton CV-S52C4CCPMRN3g8tesideMsNVVV14MnN4CM NSFC41\*CM.N323P5difM21C5522C44T8552064M3R55452C4-V3CMSC2--kNSF24FC-3M334

> Figure 2 extends this analysis by making use of public opinion data collected in Baton Rouge from the end of September to the end of November in 2005, covering the period of 5 to 14 weeks after Hurricane Katrina inundated New Orleans. Pictured here are short term trends in both fear of crime and an indicator of the perceived risk of victimization ("How likely do you think it is you may be the victim of a crime in the next 12 months? 1. Very likely, 2. Somewhat